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14 April 1958

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CENTRAL

INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

14 April 1958

DAILY BRIEF

I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC

USSR-Iran: Soviet Ambassador Pegov continues to press the Shah to accept "unconditional" Soviet economic assistance. The Shah will probably continue to refuse to accept major Soviet credits, but this will not affect the expansion of existing trade relations between the two countries. Survey work on joint development of three border rivers is to begin soon. Negotiations on a civil air agreement are still deadlocked.

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II. ASIA-AFRICA

Indonesia: A 13 April report from Padang states that a government destroyer and four corvettes are standing offshore, and that the dissident command expects them to shell the beaches prior to a landing by government forces. Indonesian army headquarters claims that two dissident battalions in the Padang area have defected, a development which would drastically reduce dissident strength. The pro-American army vice chief of staff, Colonel Jani, is concerned over the growing belief in the Indonesian Army that the United States is helping the dissidents. He is also worried about the fact that the expected delivery of bloc weapons may weaken the Indonesian Army's generally anti-Communist attitude. Army Chief of Staff Nasution -- who is, in the opinion of Indonesian army officers, strongly anti-Communist--is achieving broad political and economic power as well as enhanced prestige from government military successes in Sumatra. He does not appear strong enough, however, to change President Sukarno's attitude toward the Communist party. 25X1A

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| Cuba: The rebels, though posing no immediate threat to the Batista regime, are continuing their hit-and-run attacks in many localities, even outside Oriente Province. Despite some recriminations over last week's failure, they evidently hope to launch some further concerted action against the government. 25X1A | |
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| 14 Apr 58 DAILY BRIEF Page iii | |
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II. ASIA-AFRICA

Situation in Indonesia

Army Chief of Staff General Nasution has achieved broad political and economic power as well as enhanced prestige as the result of government military successes in Sumatra, according to the American ambassador in Djakarta. Various sources confirm that all important decisions are made either by him or by President Sukarno. Despite Nasution's increased power, however, he does not appear sufficiently strong to challenge Sukarno on the issue of Indonesian Communism. An example is Sukarno's blocking of Nasution when he tried to remove the pro-Communist deputy town commander in Djakarta.

The American Embassy believes that after government forces occupy Padang and Bukittinggi, Nasution may favor negotiation with the dissidents in an effort to prevent long-drawn-out guerrilla warfare. There is some indication that President Sukarno may adopt the same attitude.

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military campaign alone cannot solve the dispute with the rebels and that a political approach should be adopted.

dissident guerrillas

recently have appeared around Pakanbaru.

Col. Kawilarang, recently Indonesian military attaché in Washington, is undecided as to whether to accept the dissident offer to become commander in chief of all dissident forces. In North-Celebes, dissident leader Lt. Col. Sumual directed an appeal in his order of the day for 13 April to the commanders of the revolutionary air force who were appointed on 9 April to "carry out your task as best as possible for the sake of the safety of our fatherland."

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14 Apr 58 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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Colonel Jani, vice chief of staff of the army, told the assistant US army attaché he was worried over the growing belief in the army that the United States is helping the dissidents. He was further concerned that the expected delivery of Soviet bloc weapons may weaken the army's generally anti-Communist attitude. Soviet Ambassador Zhukov allegedly has officially informed the Indonesian Government that the USSR will provide training for Indonesians in the USSR: The offer includes training in "practically any field desired," with initial emphasis on pilot training, aircraft and technical equipment maintenance, and various fields of maritime training.

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Independent African States to Confer in Accra This Week

Representatives of eight independent African states convening in Accra on 15 April will endeavor, by their manipulation of issues of broad and immediate concern to all Africans, to project a distinctively African "personality" onto the international scene. Complex cultural and political differences and conflicting policy objectives among the participating states -- Egypt, Ethiopia, Ghana, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, the Sudan, and Tunisia -- will, however, tend to inhibit agreement on joint action except in the less controversial spheres.

As all the conferees are committed to rapid political advancement for Africans, they can be expected to condemn European colonial policies and racial discrimination. The Algerian problem, included in the revised draft agenda at the behest of the North African states, is certain to come in for special attention.

Liberian President Tubman, if he attends as now expected, will be the only chief of state present, most of the other countries being represented by their foreign ministers. Although Ghanaian officials have insisted that no observers from dependent areas will participate officially, Algerian rebel representatives en route to Accra will apparently be attached to the Tunisian delegation. It seems probable that nationalist leaders from other nonindependent territories will likewise be on hand and in close touch with the official delegations. Observers for Sino-Soviet bloc countries may also be in Accra as news correspondents.

Moscow has already begun to publicize its favorable attitude toward the Accra meeting but will probably avoid any overtinterference in the expectation that conference pronouncements will in themselves further the USSR's immediate policy aims in Africa.

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III. THE WEST

Britain to Press Adenauer Hard for Support on Free Trade Area Project

Prime Minister Macmillan indicated to Ambassador Whitney on 11 April his strong concern over the impasse in negotiations over the free trade area caused by French opposition. He said he proposed to tell Chancellor Adenauer during his 16-19 April visit to London that only Adenauer's influence with France can avoid a "Balkanization" of Europe which would force Britain to form a competitive economic unit of its own. Macmillan said he also will tell Adenauer that Britain would withdraw its four divisions from Germany "the minute it became clear that the free trade area was not to be basic in the new economic concept for Europe."

Britain has on various previous occasions sought US support for its concept of a comprehensive European trade agreement to be reached before the six-nation Common Market tariff reductions start coming into effect on 1 January 1959. France has held out for a slow and piecemeal approach, reserving the right to maintain special protection for certain sectors of French industry until after the effects of the first Common Market tariff cuts can be evaluated.

West German Economic Minister Erhard, who is accompanying the Chancellor to London, agrees with the British concept of a European free trade area, but Bonn has not yet supported it as strongly as London would like. Adenauer thus far has shown relatively little interest in the project, being apparently more concerned with improving relations with France in his efforts toward making Europe strong politically.

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Gaillard Still Under Pressure to Take Algerian Frontier Issue to UN

Despite the French cabinet's acceptance on 12 April of the US-UK good offices mission proposals as a basis for negotiations with Tunisia, Premier Gaillard is still under strong pressure from some elements of the right for immediate reference of the Algerian frontier question to the UN Security Council. The cabinet's decision is to be debated by the National Assembly, which was recalled from its Easter recess for an emergency session beginning 15 April, and there is no indication that the rightists' demands have lessened.

Gaillard may be able to ward off some of the rightists' pressure by moving to raise the French-Tunisian dispute in a special session of the North Atlantic Council. A French diplomat hinted on 11 April that such a move might be made very soon. While the Assembly's propensity for rallying to nationalistic positions would normally favor the rightists, a number of domestic considerations will act as a partial brake. The Socialist party is slowly evolving toward dissociation from tough policies regarding North Africa. All parties want to avoid a government crisis during the cantonal elections of 20 and 27 April, and there is widespread fear that a prolonged political stalemate might end in General De Gaulle's return to power.

| Nevertheless, an early move by Gaillard to "apprise the Security Council" cannot be ruled out as a face-saving device, particularly in view of public complaints about the cabinet decision's having been taken under "considerable pressure from Washington." | 05744 | |
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14 Apr 58 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 5

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Cuban Rebel Activity Continues

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The Cuban rebels, although unsuccessful in their first major attempt to call a general strike and incite a popular uprising, appear determined to continue their attacks against the Batista regime and may be preparing another large-scale effort. They have resumed their hit-and-run attacks in many localities, causing considerable destruction on 11 April at El Cobre, shrine of Cuba's patron saint, about 12 miles west of Santiago in Oriente Province. Other incidents have occurred throughout the island, and the US consul in Santiago reported on 12 April that the transportation situation remains uncertain.

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14 Apr 58 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 6

Approved For Release 2003/02/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A003600380001-0

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| | 14 Apr 58 | DAILY BRIEF | Page iii |
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